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- (d) Notwithstanding the time limits in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, a request for an appealability review, reconsideration, or appeal may be accepted if, in the judgment of the reviewing authority with whom such request is filed, exceptional circumstances warrant such action. A participant does not have the right to seek an exception under this paragraph. FSA's refusal to accept an untimely request is not appealable.
- (e) Decisions appealable under this part are final unless review options available under this part or part 11 are timely exercised.
- (1) Whenever the final date for any requirement of this part falls on a Saturday, Sunday, Federal holiday, or other day on which the pertinent FSA office is not open for the transaction of business during normal working hours, the time for submission of a request will be extended to the close of business on the next working day.
- (2) The date when an adverse decision or other notice pursuant to these rules is deemed received is the earlier of physical delivery by hand, by facsimile with electronic confirmation of receipt, actual stamped record of receipt on a transmitted document, or 7 calendar days following deposit for delivery by regular mail.

[70 FR 43266, July 27, 2005, as amended at 71 FR 30574, May 30, 2006]

### § 780.16 Implementation of final agency decisions.

To the extent practicable, no later than 30 calendar days after an agency decision becomes a final administrative decision of USDA, FSA will implement the decision.

## § 780.17 Judicial review.

- (a) Decisions of the Administrator in appeals under this part from Agriculture Foreign Investment Disclosure Act penalties are administratively final decisions of USDA.
- (b) The decision of a State Executive Director or State Conservationist on equitable relief made under §718.307 of this title is administratively final and also not subject to judicial review.

# PART 781—DISCLOSURE OF FOR-EIGN INVESTMENT IN AGRICUL-TURAL LAND

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: Sec. 1–10, 92 Stat. 1266 (7 U.S.C.  $3501\ et\ seq.$ ).

SOURCE: 49 FR 35074, Sept. 6, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 781.1 General.

The purpose of these regulations is to set forth the requirements designed to implement the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act of 1978. The regulations require that a foreign person who acquires, disposes of, or holds an interest in United States agricultural land shall disclose such transactions and holdings to the Secretary of Agriculture. In particular, the regulations establish a system for the collection of information by the Agricultural Stablization and Conservation Service (FSA) pertaining to foreign investment in United States agricultural land. The information collected will be utilized in the preparation of periodic reports to Congress and the President by the Economic Research Service (ERS) concerning the effect of such holdings upon family farms and rural communities.

### § 781.2 Definitions.

In determining the meaning of the provisions of this part, unless the context indicates otherwise, words importing the singular include and apply to several persons or things, words importing the plural include the singular, and words used in the present tense include the future as well as the present. The following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (a) AFIDA. AFIDA means the Agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act of 1978.
- (b) Agricultural land. Agricultural land means land in the United States used for forestry production and land in the United States currently used for,

- or, if currently idle, land last used within the past five years, for farming, ranching, or timber production, except land not exceeding ten acres in the aggregate, if the annual gross receipts from the sale of the farm, ranch, or timber products produced thereon do not exceed \$1,000. Farming, ranching, or timber production includes, but is not limited to, activities set forth in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (1987), Division A, exclusive of industry numbers 0711-0783, 0851, and 0912-0919 which cover animal trapping, game management, hunting carried on as a business enterprise, trapping carried on as a business enterprise, and wildlife management. Land used for forestry production means, land exceeding 10 acres in which 10 percent is stocked by trees of any size, including land that formerly had such tree cover and that will be naturally or artificially regenerated.
- (c) Any interest. Any interest means all interest acquired, transferred or held in agricultural lands by a foreign person, except:
  - (1) Security interests;
  - (2) Leaseholds of less than 10 years;
  - (3) Contingent future interests;
- (4) Noncontingent future interests which do not become possessory upon the termination of the present possessory estate;
- (5) Surface or subsurface easements and rights of way used for a purpose unrelated to agricultural production; and
- (6) An interest solely in mineral rights.
- (d) *County*. County means a political subdivision of a State identified as a County or parish. In Alaska, the term means an area so designated by the State Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation committee.
- (e) Foreign government. Foreign government means any government other than the United States government, the government of a State, or a political subdivision of a State.
- (f) Foreign individual. Foreign individual means foreign person as defined in paragraph (g)(1) of this section.
- (g) Foreign person. Foreign person means:
  - (1) Any individual:

- (i) Who is not a citizen or national of the United States; or
- (ii) Who is not a citizen of the Northern Mariana Islands or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; or
- (iii) Who is not lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence or paroled into the United States under the Immigration and Nationality Act:
- (2) Any person, other than an individual or a government, which is created or organized under the laws of a foreign government or which has its principal place of business located outside of all the States;
  - (3) Any foreign government;
- (4) Any person, other than an individual or a government:
- (i) Which is created or organized under the laws of any State; and
- (ii) In which a significant interest or substantial control is directly or indirectly held:
- (A) By any individual referred to in paragraph (g)(1) of this section; or
- (B) By any person referred to in paragraph (g)(2) of this section; or
- (C) By any foreign government referred to in paragraph (g)(3) of this section: or
- (D) By any numerical combination of such individuals, persons, or governments, which combination need not have a common objective.
- (h) *Person.* Person means any individual, corporation, company, association, partnership, society, joint stock company, trust, estate, or any other legal entity.
- (i) Secretary. Secretary means the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (j) Security interest. Security interest means a mortgage or other debt securing instrument.
- (k) Significant interest of substantial control. Significant interest or substantial control means:
- (1) An interest of 10 percent or more held by a person referred to in paragraph (g)(4) of this section, by a single individual referred to in paragraph (g)(1) of this section, by a single person referred to in paragraph (g)(2) of this section, by a single government referred to in paragraph (g)(3) of this section; or

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- (2) An interest of 10 percent or more held by persons referred to in paragraph (g)(4) of this section, by individuals referred to in paragraph (g)(1) of this section, by persons referred to in paragraph (g)(2) of this section, or by governments referred to in paragraph (g)(3) of this section, whenever such persons, individuals, or governments are acting in concert with respect to such interest even though no single individual, person, or government holds an interest of 10 percent or more; or
- (3) An interest of 50 percent or more, in the aggregate, held by persons referred to in paragraph (g)(4) of this section, by individuals referred to in paragraph (g)(1) of this section, by persons referred to in paragraph (g)(2) of this section, or by governments referred to in paragraph (g)(3) of this section, even though such individuals, persons, or governments may not be acting in concert.
- (I) State. State means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands or any other territory or possession of the United States.

[49 FR 35074, Sept. 6, 1984, as amended at 58 FR 48274, Sept. 15, 1993]

## §781.3 Reporting requirements.

- (a) All reports required to be filed pursuant to this part shall be filed with the FSA County office in the county where the land with respect to which such report must be filed is located or where the FSA County office administering programs carried out on such land is located; Provided, that the FSA office in Washington, DC, may grant permission to foreign persons to file reports directly with its Washington office when complex filings are involved, such as where the land being reported is located in more than one county.
- (b) Any foreign person who held, holds, acquires, or transfers any interest in United States agricultural land is subject to the requirement of filing a report on form FSA-153 by the following dates:
- (1) August 1, 1979, if the interest in the agricultural land was held on the day before February 2, 1979, or

- (2) Ninety days after the date of acquisition or transfer of the interest in the agricultural land, if the interest was acquired or transferred on or after February 2, 1979.
- (c) Any person who holds or acquires any interest in United States agricultural land at a time when such person is not a foreign person and who subsequently becomes a foreign person must submit, not later than 90 days after the date on which such person becomes a foreign person, a report containing the information required to be submitted under paragraph (e) of this section.
- (d) Any foreign person who holds or acquires any interest in United States land at a time when such land is not agricultural land and such land subsequently becomes agricultural land must submit, not later than 90 days after the date on which such land becomes agricultural, a report containing the information required to be submitted under paragraph (e) of this section.
- (e) Any foreign person required to submit a report under this regulation, except under paragraph (g) of this section, shall file an FSA-153 report containing the following information:
- (1) The legal name and the address of such foreign person;
- (2) In any case in which such foreign person is an individual, the citizenship of such foreign person;
- (3) In any case in which such foreign person is not an individual or a government, the nature and name of the person holding the interest, the country in which such foreign person is created or organized, and the principal place of business of such foreign person;
- (4) The type of interest held by a foreign person who acquired or transferred an interest in agricultural land;
- (5) The legal description and acreage of such agricultural land;
- (6) The purchase price paid for, or any other consideration given for, such interest; the amount of the purchase price or the value of the consideration yet to be given; the current estimated value of the land reported;
- (7) In any case in which such foreign person transfers such interest, the legal name and the address of the person to whom such interest is transferred; and